

## ProTherm Sensor connection application note

The ProTherm PT1000 GSM / GPRS temperature logging and monitoring system uses PT1000 temperature sensors. These sensors show 1000Ω at 0°C and 1385Ω at 100°C (or 1392.5Ω at 100°C or  $\alpha = 0.003925$ , depending on the DIN type.)

When wiring the sensors via a long cable, ensure that the cable resistance is low enough so as not to affect the accuracy, since the ProTherm PT1000 only uses 2-wires.

eg.  $0.1\Omega$  cable resistance causes  $0.1 / 385 * 100^\circ\text{C} = 0.026^\circ\text{C}$  error

$1.0\Omega$  cable resistance causes  $1.0 / 385 * 100^\circ\text{C} = 0.26^\circ\text{C}$  error

$10.0\Omega$  cable resistance causes  $10.0 / 385 * 100^\circ\text{C} = 2.6^\circ\text{C}$  error

$0.385\Omega$  cable resistance causes  $0.385 / 385 * 100^\circ\text{C} = 0.1^\circ\text{C}$  error

$3.85\Omega$  cable resistance causes  $3.85 / 385 * 100^\circ\text{C} = 1.0^\circ\text{C}$  error

\* Using  $\alpha = 0.00385$

So if using  $0.01\Omega / \text{m}$  cable and you want a maximum error  $0.1^\circ\text{C}$ , you should use a maximum cable length of  $0.385 / 0.01 = 38.5\text{m}$ .

So if using  $0.01\Omega / \text{m}$  cable and you want a maximum error  $1.0^\circ\text{C}$ , you should use a maximum cable length of  $3.85 / 0.01 = 385\text{m}$ .

**Note:** For long cable runs, if possible, use shielded cable and connect the shield to the ground terminal of the ProTherm.